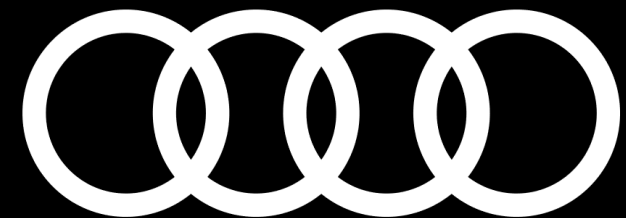




Archimedes App for coupled multi-windshield and Head-up display optimization

AUDI AG // ANSYS 2024 | Marcus Richter

ANSYS

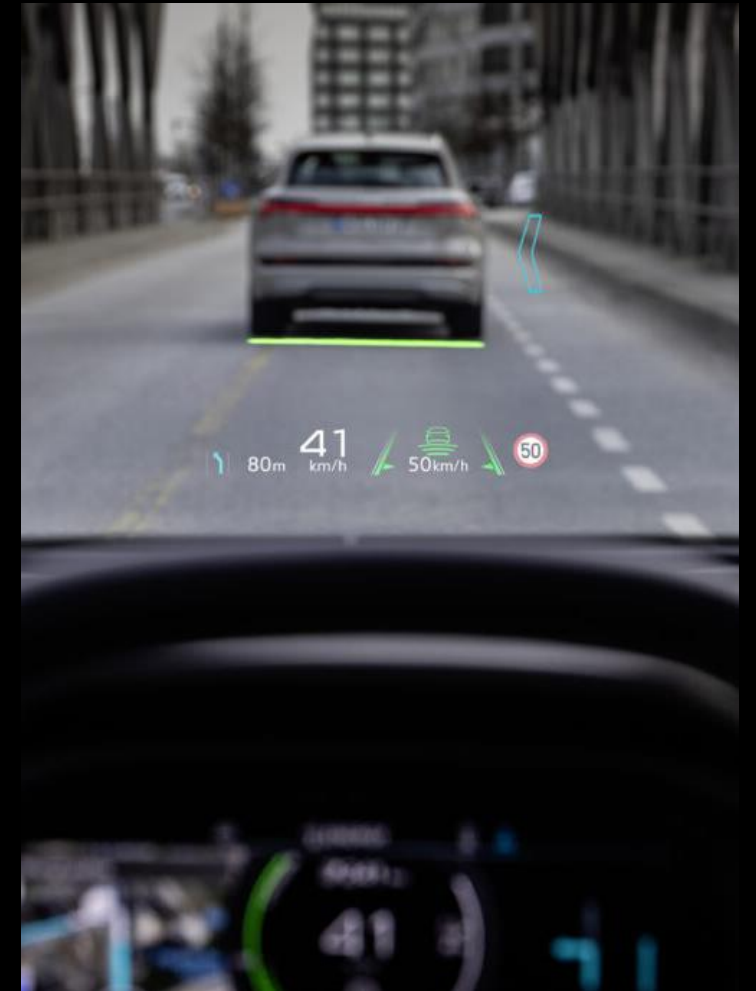
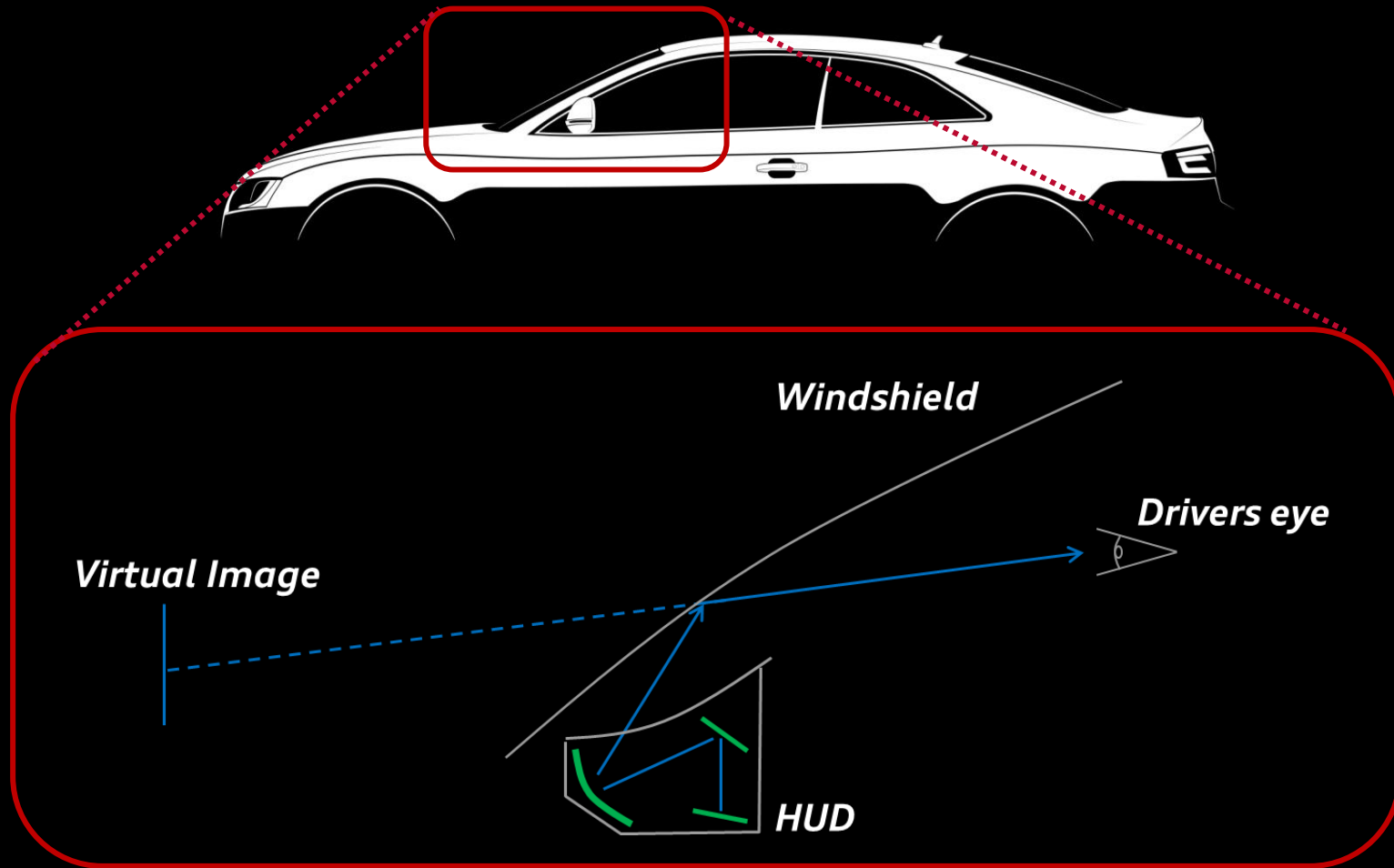




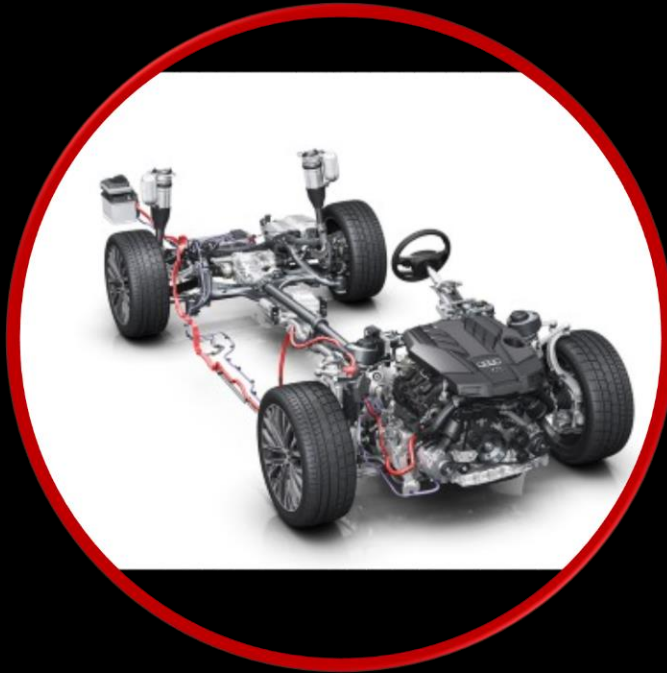
Project Introduction

Motivation / Challenges / Solution

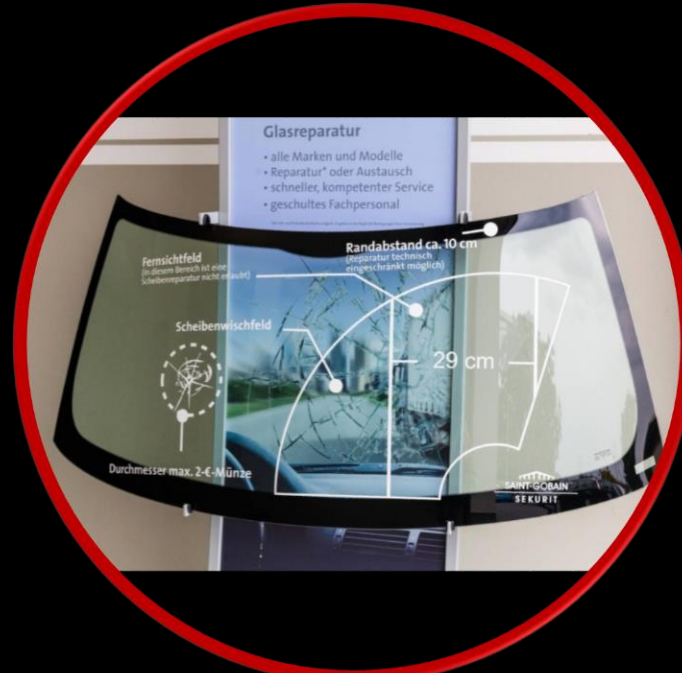
What is a Head-Up display?



Motivation



1 platform - 5 derivatives



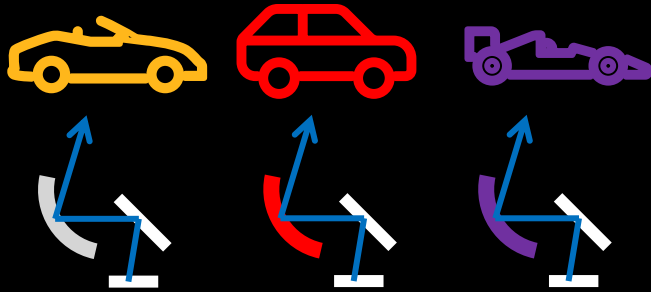
5 windshields – 10 Head-Up Display (HUD) systems



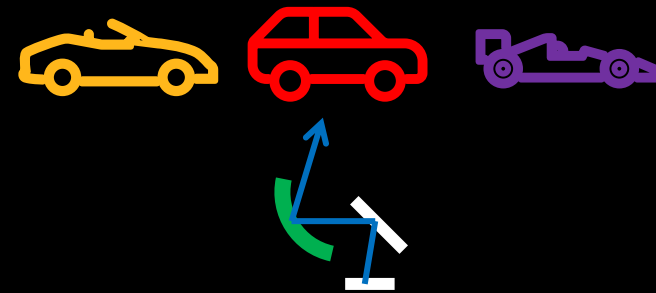
10 x Cost of Maintaining different parts

Summary potential gain Ansys solution

HUD development without Ansys solution



HUD development with Ansys solution

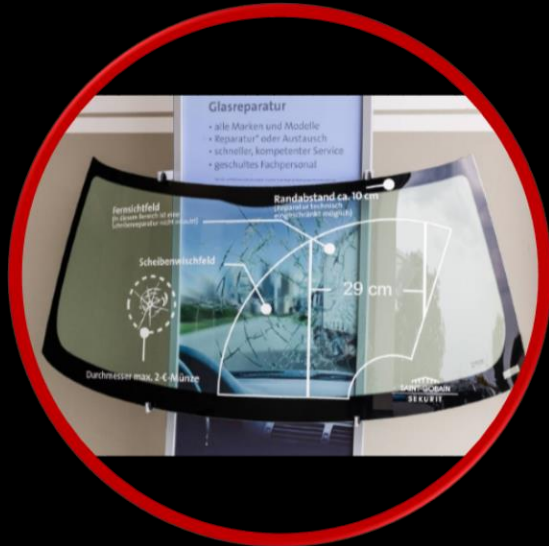


→ Save up to 8 parts and their production & maintenance costs

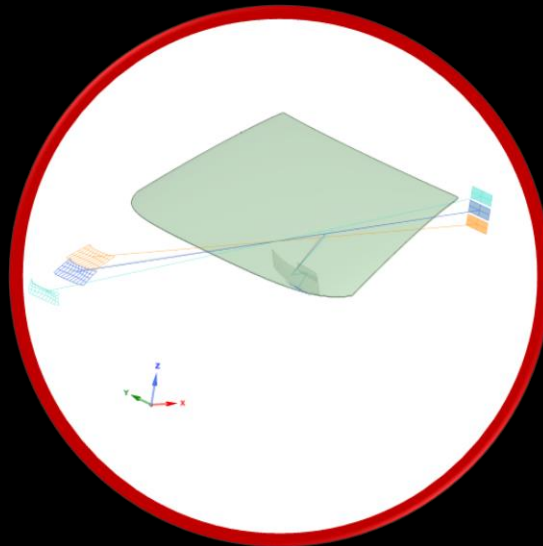
Additional Benefit:

Secure space for HUD early in the design phase (48 Month to SoP)

Main Challenges



Parametrization



Optical Simulation Model

Bezeichnung			
(Aspekt)	Aspektänderung zum Sollwert	<5	
Ausalignment & Trapezoid (Schiefstellung & Trapez)	BETA_oben		
	BETA_horizontal	<0,5	<0,8
	BETA_unten		
	BETA_links		
	BETA_vertikal	<1,5	<2
	BETA_rechts		
	BETA_Trapez_horizontal	<0,7	<1
	BETA_Trapez_vertikal	<2,2	<3
Translationfehler		<0,1	<0,2
Magnification / Reduction (Lokale Vergrößerung)	Fehler Y_min zum Mittelwert	>0,925	>0,85
	Fehler Z_min zum Mittelwert		
	Fehler Y_max zum Mittelwert	<1,075	<1,15
	Fehler Z_max zum Mittelwert		
Vergrößerungsdifferenz		<1	<2,5
Divergenzfehler	(angenommener Augabstand zur Berechnung = 65mm)	<1	<1,5
	(angenommener Augabstand zur Berechnung = 65mm)	1	
	2m	±1/2	
	12m		
	20m		
	Doppelbild		

Optical requirements



Optimization Strategy

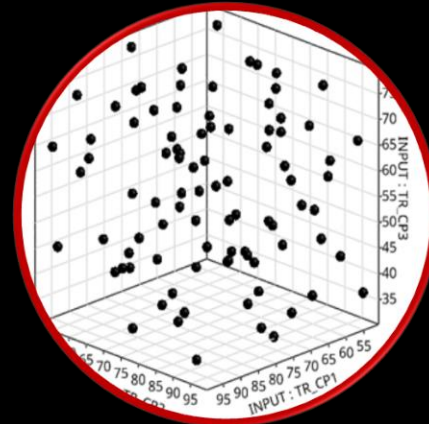
Optimization Strategy

Optimization Goal

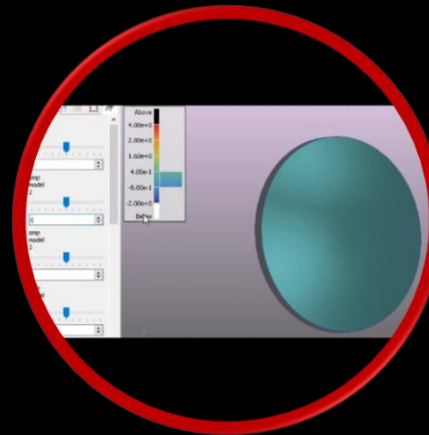
- › Co-optimize multi-windshields for one head-up display

Solution

- › Local shapes for geometry variation
- › Workflow automation
- › Sensitivity Study including prediction Model creation
- › Multi-objective optimization based on prediction models, covering ~1000 metrics



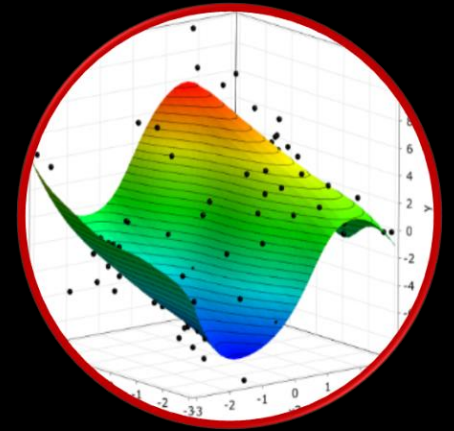
/ Design of Experiments
Advanced Latin Hypercube
Sampling



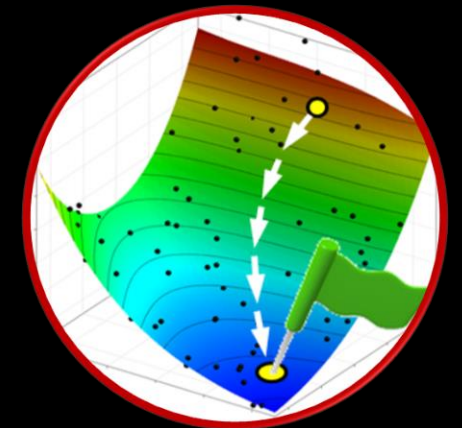
/ Surface parametrization
scatter shape technology



/ Optical Simulation
up to 500 geometry
variations per windshield



/ AI/ML Metamodels
based on simulations
56 scalar, 2 signal, 9 field
prediction Models



/ Fast Multi-objective Optimization
evaluation of 10k+ design

Merit Function Definition – advanced optimization approach

Optimization Goal

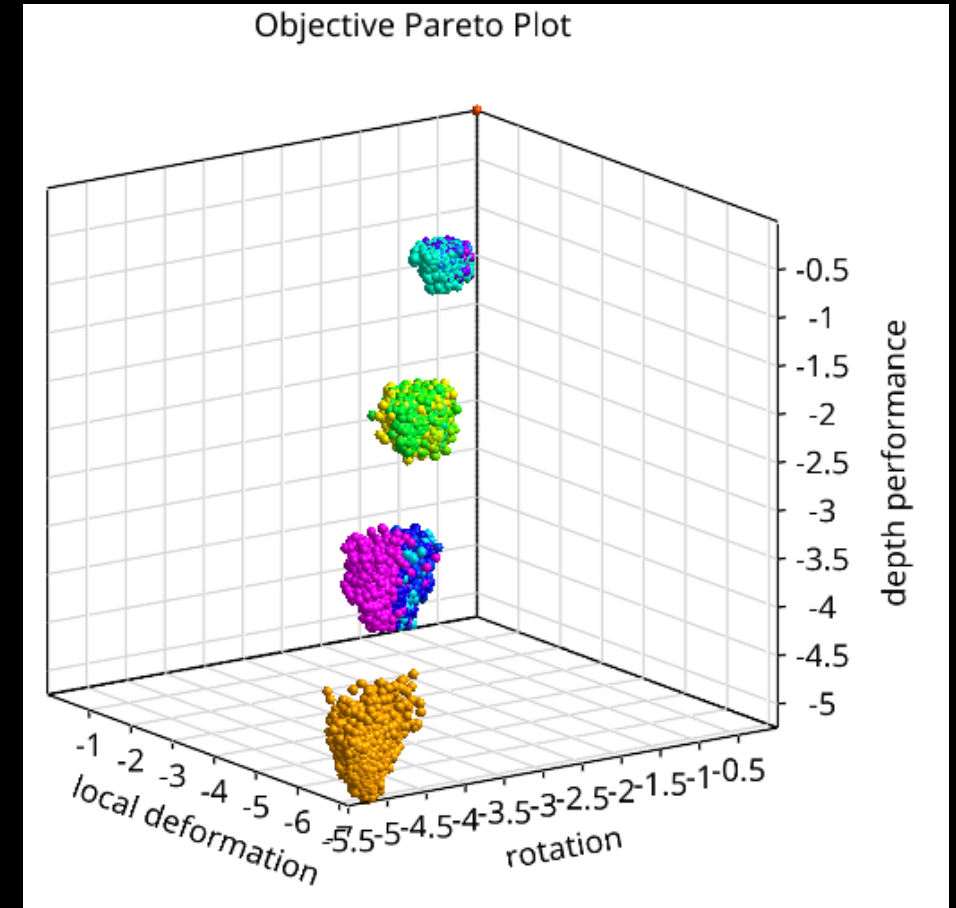
- › Goal 1: find feasible design space where all criteria (customer regulations) over all windshields are fulfilled
- › Goal 2: optimize criteria to increase all 3 optical performance groups (constraint subsets)
- › Multi-Constraint Performance Optimization approach

Merit Function including:

- › weighting of constraint subset
- › weighting of performance values
- › consideration of a Reward-Punishment system
- › | Performance Optimization: get as far away as possible from the criteria limits and as close as possible to the ideal values

Benefit

- › great visibility of windshield performance
- › performance values are comparable
- › Identification of fitting windshields



Multi-Constrained Performance Optimization
Level-based performance cloud plot

Solution: Archimedes App workflow

Ansys



USER WORKFLOW





Archimedes Application

Solution Application framework / Application Development / Application Demo



Solution Application Framework (SAF)

SAF is a high-level Python framework for the development of custom Ansys-driven solution applications, generally referred to as **Ansys Solution Web Apps or **Vertical Applications**.**



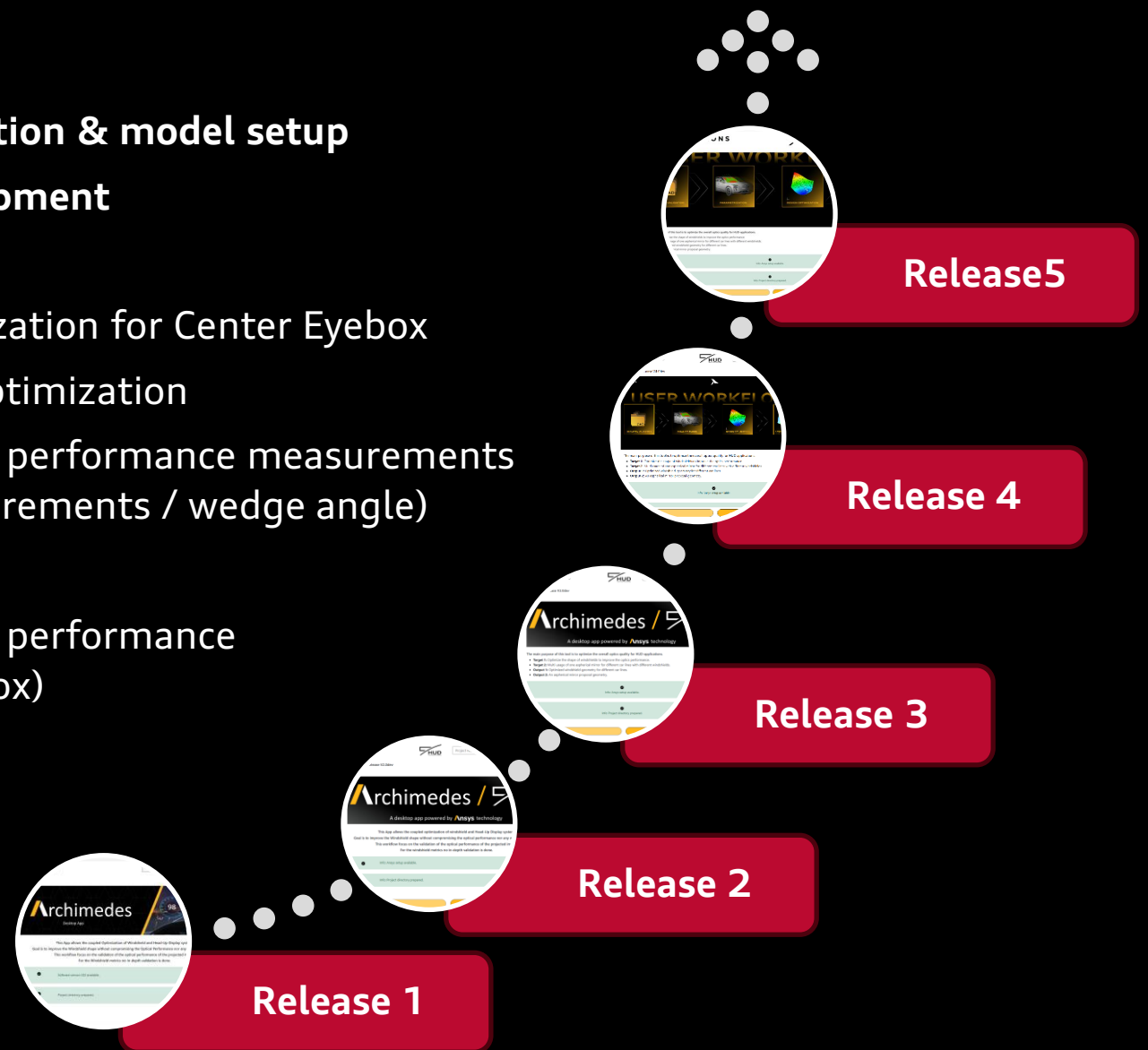
App development

App development to reduce complexity of optimization & model setup

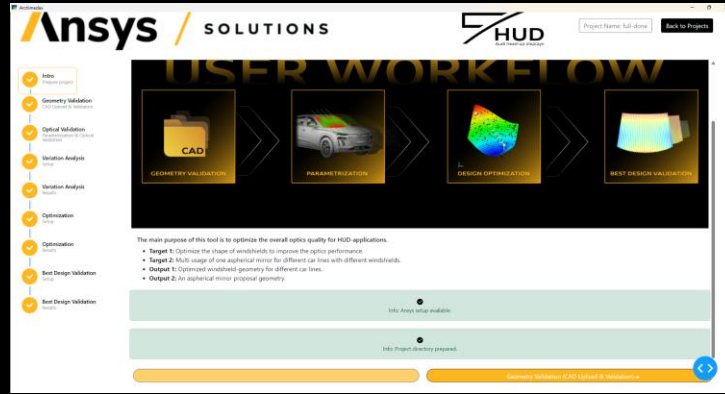
Continues delivery with incremental feature development

- > Release 1: 1 Windshield + constant HUD optimization for Center Eyebox
- > Release 2: Multi Windshields + constant HUD optimization
- > Release 3: implementation of additional optical performance measurements (ghost in transmission / wiper measurements / wedge angle)
- > Release 4: Enable HUD optimization
- > Release 5: implementation of additional optical performance measurements (Lower & Upper Eyebox)

With each Release: usability & readability improvement of the UI based on Audi and Ansys feedback



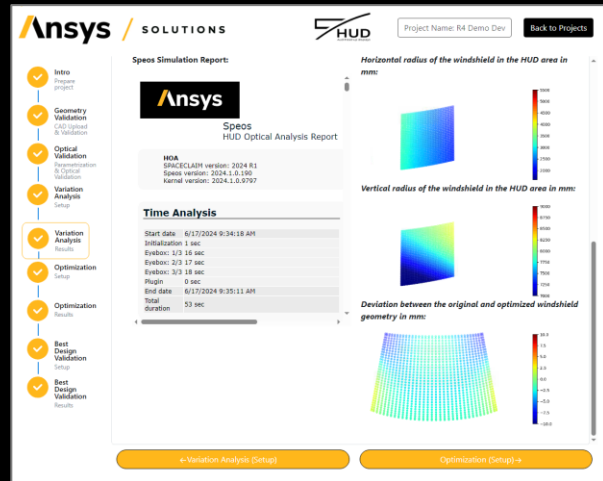
Archimedes App Overview



Start App



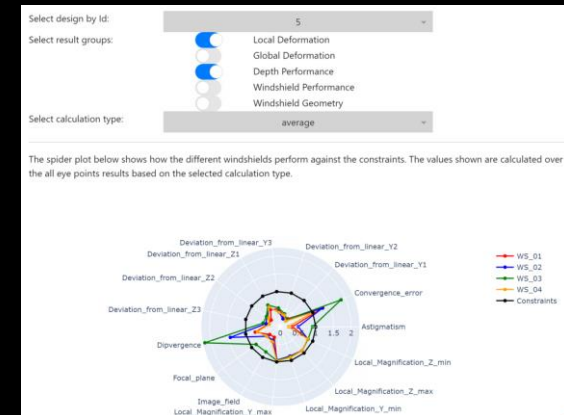
Upload data



Results: WSS curvature



Results: best designs and comparison



Results: design details

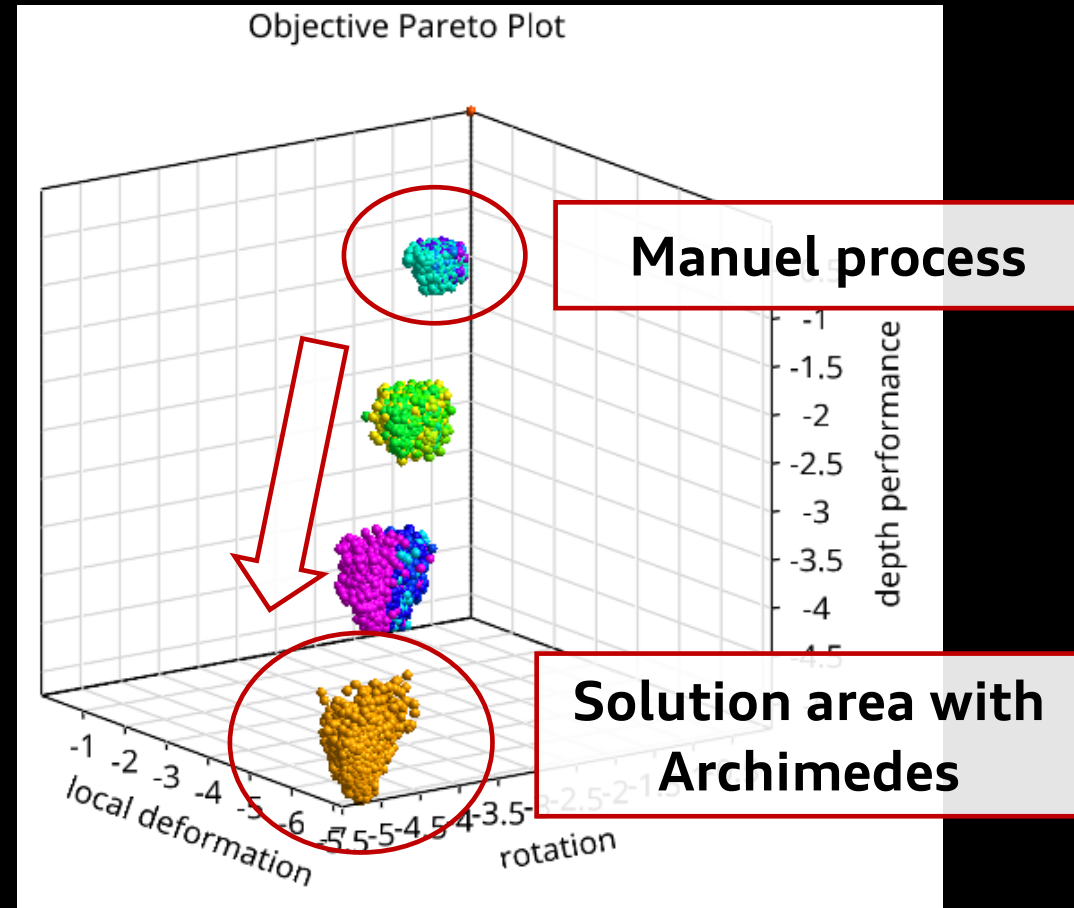
Demo of Release 5



Comparison between current method and Archimedes

	Current manual method	Using Archimedes
Steps	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. create optical system 5x 2. create 5 x 10 windshields 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prepare windshield 5x 2. Upload data in app 3. Variation analysis 4. Optimization process 5. Best design validation 6. Check results/download data
Total Engineering time	More than 10 hours (expert user)	7 hours including intermediate checking (standard user)
Total Simulation time	5 x 0.5h	Up to 60h
Outcome	10 tested windshields 1 valid best design → working for 2 cars only	25000 evaluated windshields 20 valid best designs for each car → drastically improved design space exploration → More reliable results → High potential of cost saving

Comparison between current method and Archimedes next level of designing complex challenges



Thank you to the full Project team Ansys&Audi

Prajakta Kataria

Stefan Thöne

Tino Dannenberg

Pengyuan Lu

Georg Kandler

Stefan Marth

Sabrina Niemeyer

Philippe Laguna

Benoit Heraud

Daniel Haase

Prasad Kokane

Shravan Ghongade

Paul Fedrau

**Madhumita Saravana
Kumar**

Simon Lutterer

Timofey Yugov

Christian Lenakakis

Marcus Richter

Philipp Nübling

Alexander Burghard

Vincent Kratzer

Zeljko Ladevic

Josef Ferstl

Christiane Bergmann

And many more!





Thank you!