

# WOST

## optiSLang - easy and safe to use



FEM und Sensitivitätsanalysen unter Berücksichtigung von in Grenzen zulässiger Formtoleranzen zufällig deformierter Körper

FEA and Sensitivity Analysis Taking Into Account Allowable Tolerances from Randomly Deformed Bodies

Peter Gust und Christoph Schluer

Weimar, 24.11.2011

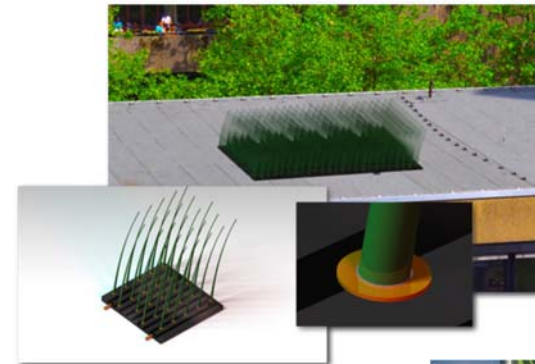
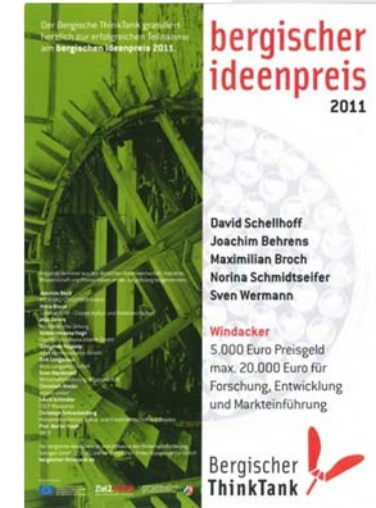


# Introduction



- Founded 1972, students > 16.000 from 90 nations
- 250 Professors, 27 institutes and 280 laboratories
- 7 Faculties and 91 study paths
- Mechanical Engineering positive trend +110% Beginners
- Chair of Engineering Design
  - 3D CAD Design(CATIA), FEM: Catopo, ANSYS, Abaqus
  - MBS SAM, Recurdyn, Enventive, 3D Tolerancing VisVSA
  - Robust Design optiSLang
  - Prototyping: colored 3D Printing

Prize Money  
25.000€

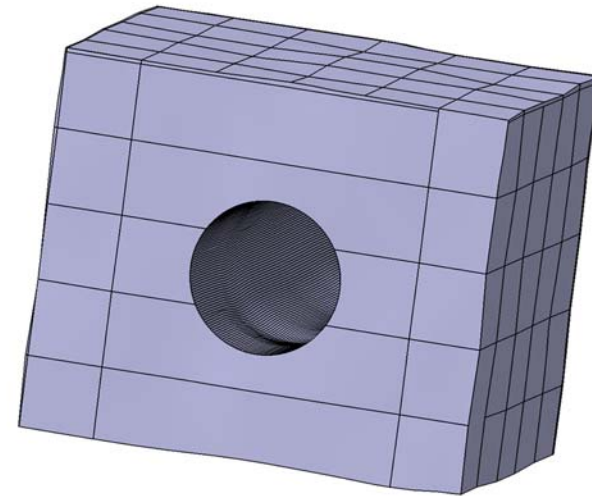


# Overview:

# Parametrik für Robust Design Optimierung



Sensitivity study to optimize the stiffness of automotive hinge systems  
(Bachelorthesis)

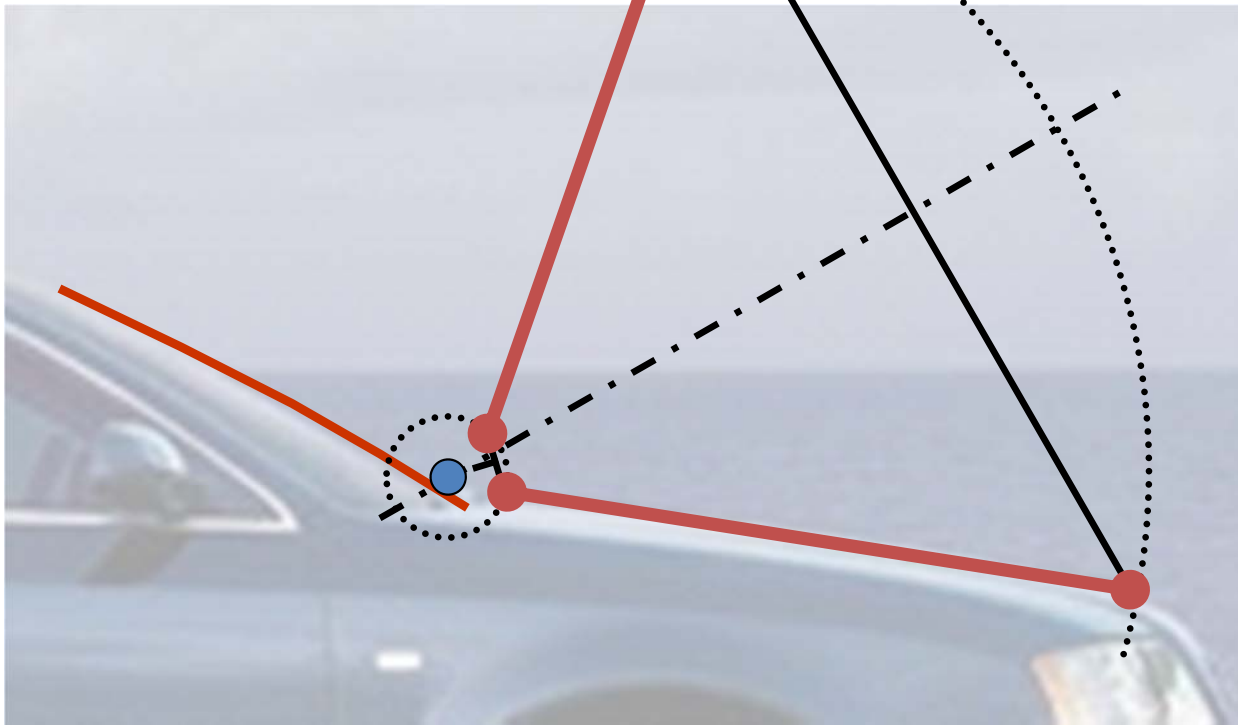


Randomly deformed bodies  
(Masterthesis, Research)

# Because of the collision with the front shield a four joint hinge is necessary



1. Mark the closed and open position
2. Interconnection
3. Perpendicular bisection
4. **Result:** Necessary is a single point of rotation



4 Joint Hinge\*



1 Joint Hinge\*

\*Source Kirchoff GmbH, Halver

# Requirements for hinge systems for hoods and flaps



„ The hinge system must be supported free of slackness and rattle and easily used“

## Guidance requirements

Safe Keep of the hood from closed to open state

## Wind Stiffness

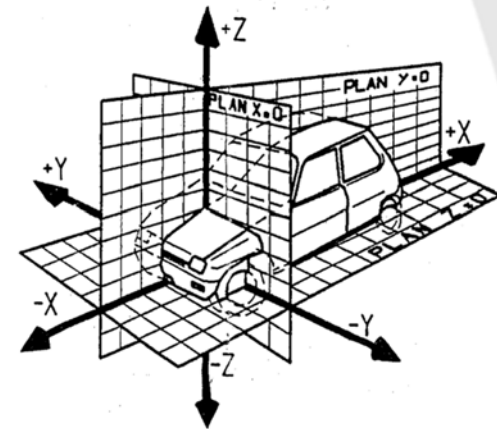
200N Load max. 2mm z-deformation

## Side Stiffness

200N max. 7mm y-deformation

**and again**

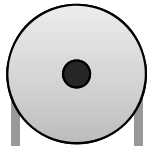
„Easy to use“



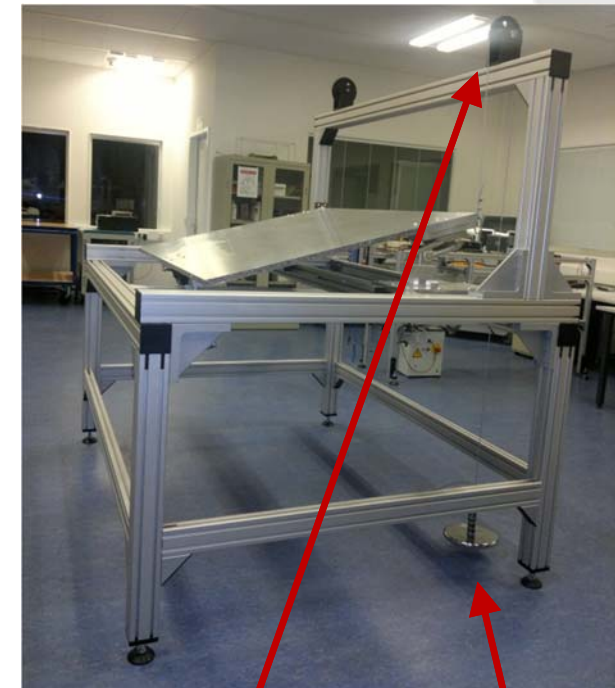
# Experimental setup to verify the modeling and calculation results



**Aluminium Foam Sandwich** is nearly equal to the original hood and is available in prototype phase for the automotive supplier!



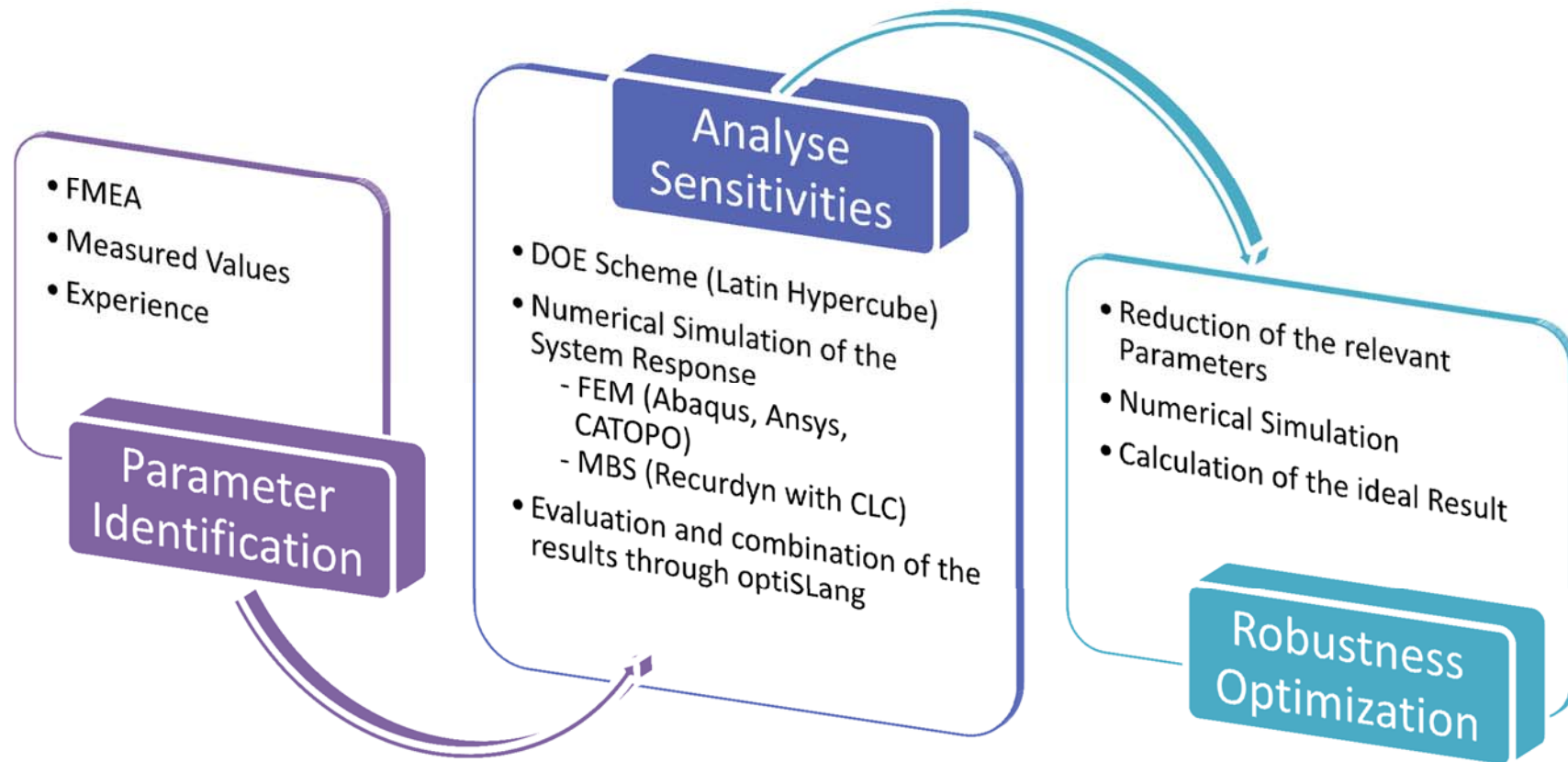
$F_G = 200N$   
+Friction  
(Weight)



Pulley

Weight

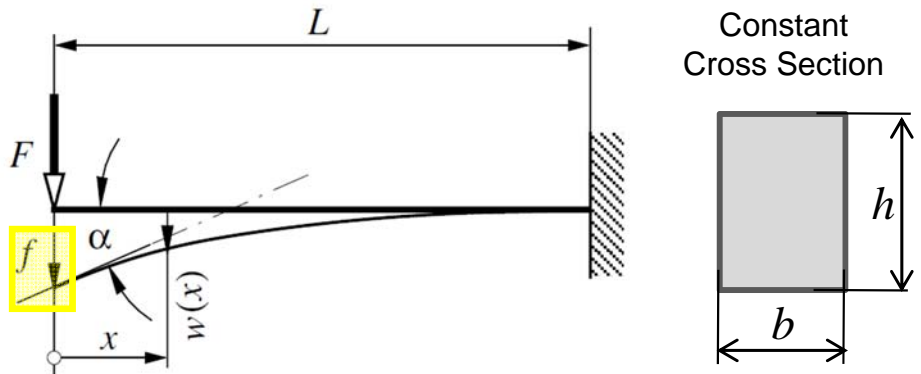
The results have an accuracy of  $\pm 5\%$ : FEM-Model, Alu-Hood and Real Hood includes



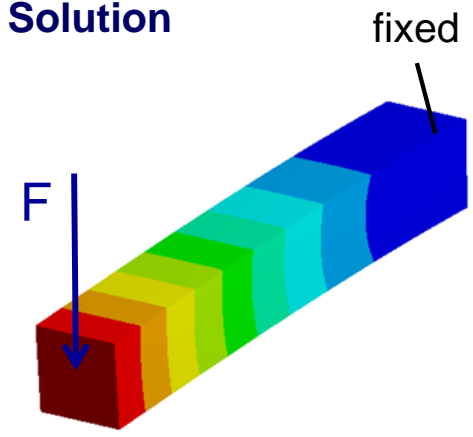
# Single Beam / Motivation



## Analytical Solution

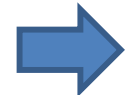


## Numerical Solution



Input Parameter

| Name              |
|-------------------|
| breite_DS         |
| hoehe_DS          |
| laenge_DS         |
| youngs_modulus    |
| force_y_component |



Which Parameter is the important One?

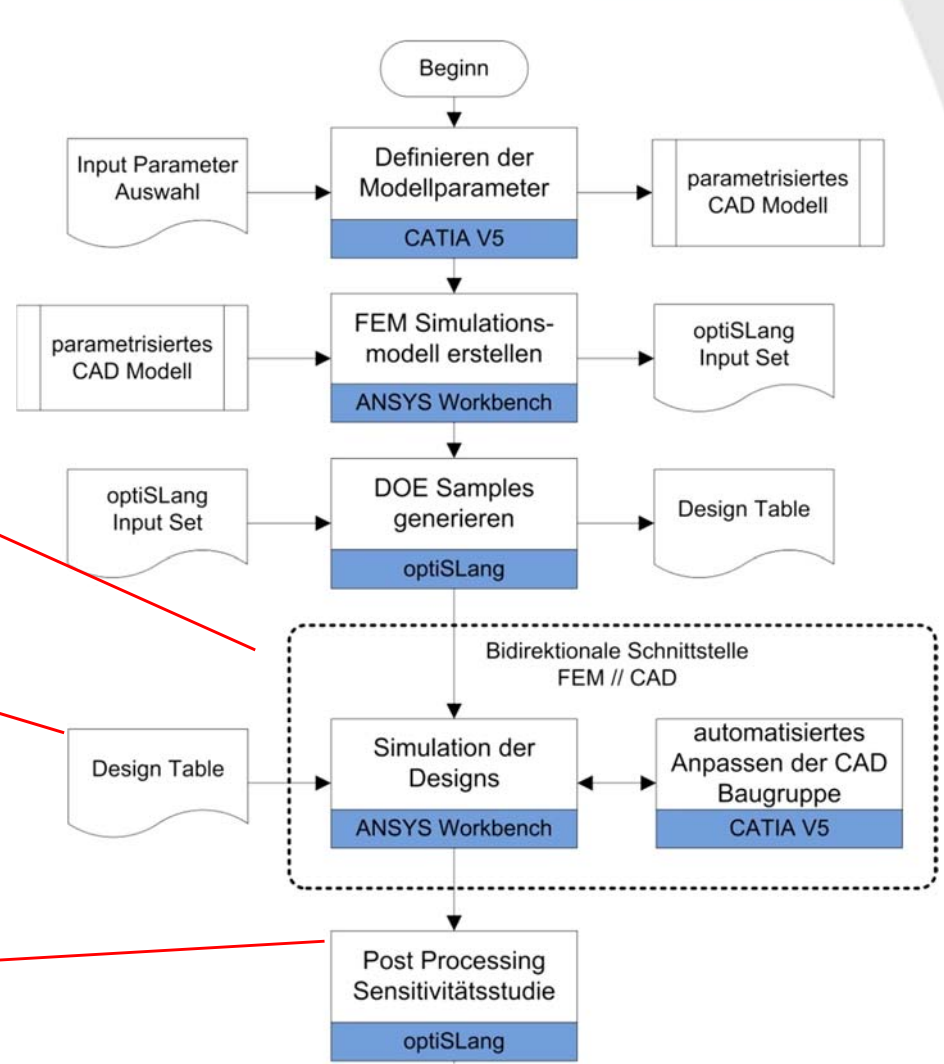
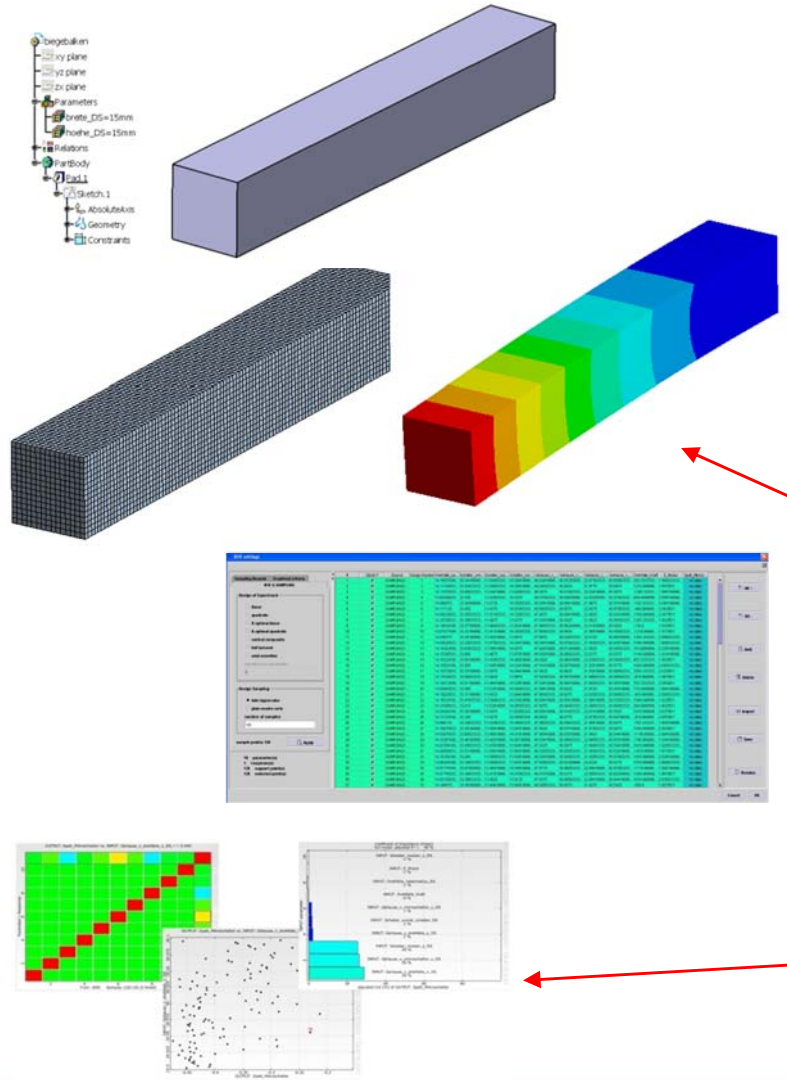


| Name                      |
|---------------------------|
| total_deformation_maximum |

Output Parameter

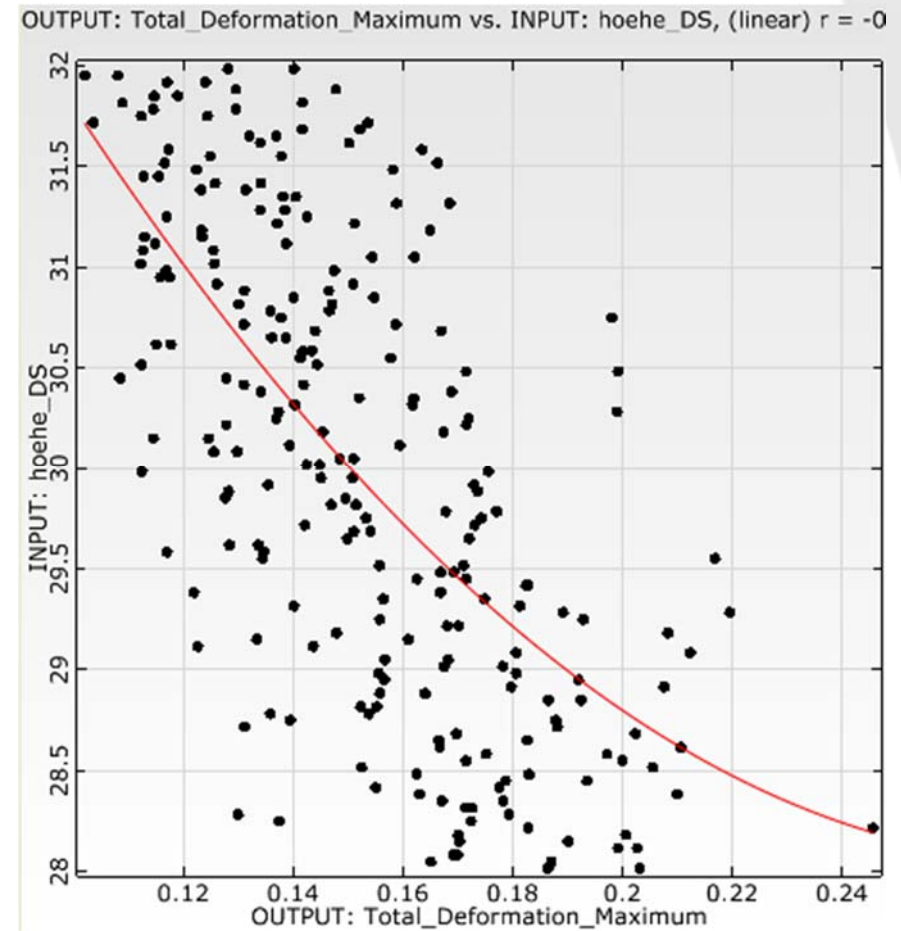
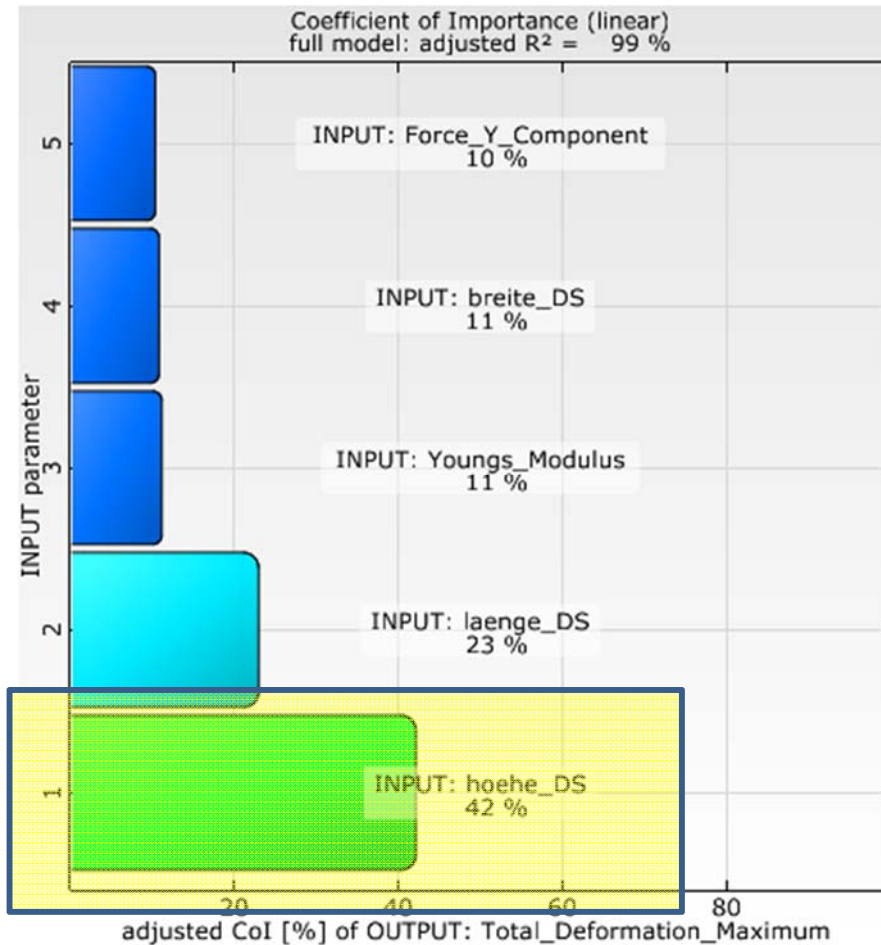


# Coppling between Catia V5, ANSYS Workbench and optiSLang

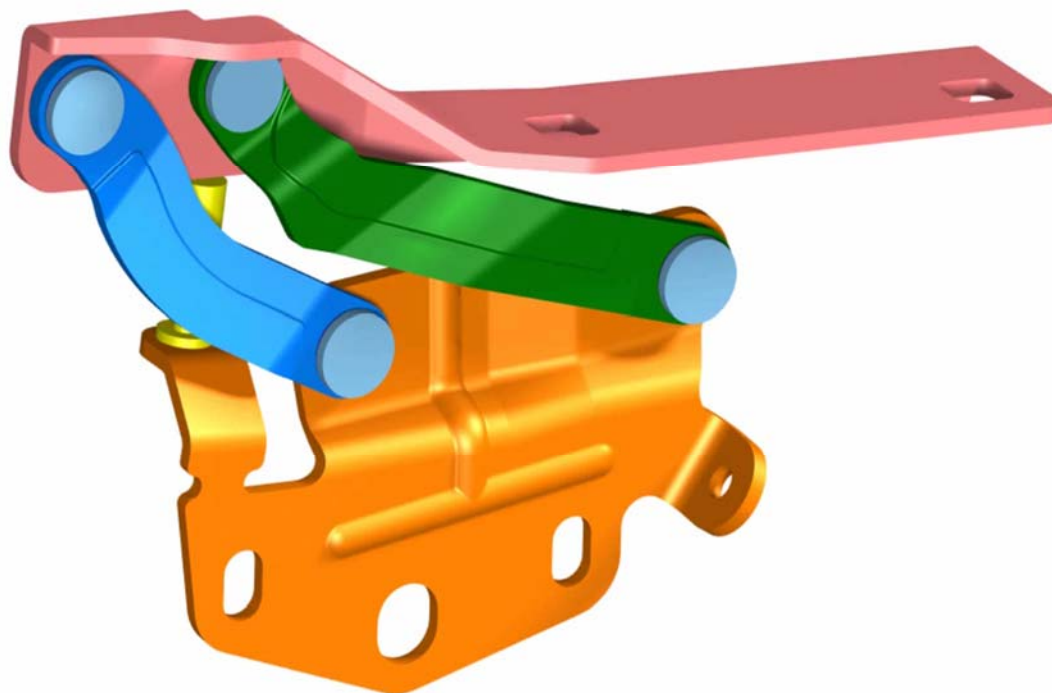


# Statistical Results

## Postprocessing after DOE (LHS;120 Designs)



# Sensitivity Study - Hinge Parameters



## Parameterliste für Viergelenkscharnier



Modell: viergelenkscharnier.CATProduct  
 Referenz: 911.512.151.01.CATProduct  
 Datum: 02. Jan 11  
 System: CATIA V5 R19  
 Erstellt durch: Christoph Schluer

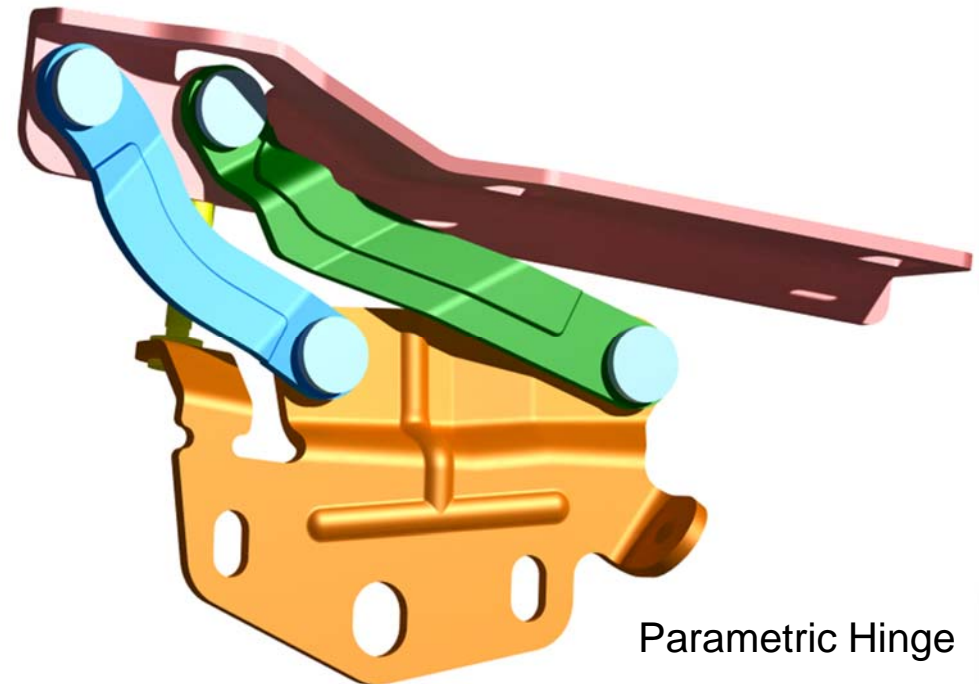
| Parameterbezeichnung                               | Einheit | Istmaß  | Toleranzbereich |        |
|--|---------|---------|-----------------|--------|
|  |         |         | max             | min    |
| _koppel_blechdicke_DS                              | mm      | 3       | 4               | 2      |
| _koppel_laenge_umschlag_anlenkstelle_DS            | mm      | 114     | 120             | 60     |
| _koppel_laenge_umschlag_kugelzapfen_DS             | mm      | 40      | 45              | 35     |
| _koppel_haubenaufnahme_sprung_DS                   | mm      | 6,5     | >6,5            | 6,5    |
| _koppel_breite_aufnahmesite_haube_DS               | mm      | 28      | 33              | 23     |
| _koppel_verpraegung_aufnahme_kugelzapfen_DS        | mm      | 2       | 6               | 1      |
| _koppel_verpraegung_aufnahme_lenker_DS             | mm      | 2       | 2               | 1,6    |
| _koppel_d_konturausschnitt_biegung_DS              | mm      | 1,5     | 2               | 1      |
| _koppel_breite_aufnahme_anschlagpuffer_DS          | mm      | 15      | 20              | 10     |
| _koppel_uebergangsradius_anlenkstelle_DS           | mm      | 5       | 50              | 5      |
| _koppel_hoeh_umschlag_anlenkstellen_DS             | mm      | 11,5    | 17              | 7      |
| _gestell_blechdicke_DS                             | mm      | 3       | 4               | 2      |
| _gestell_skalierung_tasche_DS                      | mm      | 1       | 1,3             | 0,6    |
| _gestell_uebergangsradius_aufnahmeplatte_DS        | mm      | 8       | 8               | 1      |
| _gestell_laenge_aufnahmeplatte_DS                  | mm      | 123,771 | 130             | 119    |
| _gestell_hoeh_aufnahmeplatte_hinten_DS             | mm      | 10,5    | 13,5            | 6      |
| _gestell_uebergangsradius_aufnahmeplatte_hinten_DS | mm      | 15      | 30              | 15     |
| _gestell_breite_auflageflaeche_1_DS                | mm      | 27,265  | 33              | 24     |
| _gestell_breite_auflageflaeche_2_DS                | mm      | 45      | 50              | 45     |
| _gestell_breite_auflageflaeche_3_DS                | mm      | 34,735  | 35              | 30     |
| _gestell_aufnahmeplatte_breite_1_DS                | mm      | 34      | 35              | 30     |
| _gestell_aufnahmeplatte_breite_2_DS                | mm      | 34      | 35              | 30     |
| _langer_lenker_blechdicke_DS                       | mm      | 3       | 3               | 2,20   |
| _langer_lenker_winkel_verpraegung_DS               | deg     | 45      | 88              | 45     |
| _langer_lenker_breite_DS                           | mm      | 18      | 21              | 16     |
| _langer_lenker_winkel_links_DS                     | deg     | 4,205   | 5               | 3,5    |
| _langer_lenker_winkel_rechts_DS                    | deg     | 4,205   | 5               | 3,5    |
| _langer_lenker_breite_verpraegung_DS               | mm      | 5,151   | 5,152           | 5,151  |
| _langer_lenker_absatzhoehe_DS                      | mm      | 3       | 4               | 3      |
| _kurzer_lenker_blechdicke_DS                       | mm      | 3       | 3,2             | 2      |
| _kurzer_lenker_sickenhoehe_DS                      | mm      | 1       | 1,5             | 1,0    |
| _kurzer_lenker_breite_gestellseite_DS              | mm      | 9       | 11              | 9      |
| _kurzer_lenker_breite_koppelseite_DS               | mm      | 9       | 11              | 9      |
| _kurzer_lenker_schraegungswinkel_versteifung_DS    | deg     | 45      | 50              | 10     |
| _kurzer_lenker_sprung_DS                           | mm      | 4       | 7               | 4      |
| _kurzer_lenker_breite_verpraegung_DS               | mm      | 21      | 21,5            | 20     |
| _kurzer_lenker_position_versteifung_DS             | mm      | 17,5    | 17,5            | 15     |
| _koppel_anschraubbohrung_vorne_x_DS                | mm      | 40,8    | 32,8            | 48,8   |
| _koppel_anschraubbohrung_hinten_x_DS               | mm      | 195,828 | 203             | 187    |
| _koppel_stichmass_DS                               | mm      | 31,58   | 31,53           | 31,63  |
| _langer_lenker_stichmass_DS                        | mm      | 115,35  | 115,3           | 115,4  |
| _kurzer_lenker_stichmass_DS                        | mm      | 60,614  | 60,564          | 60,664 |
| _gestell_stichmass_DS                              | mm      | 86,45   | 86,4            | 86,5   |
| _gestell_stich_in_x_DS                             | mm      | 86,15   | 86,1            | 86,2   |
| _koppel_verspannschraube_in_x_DS                   | mm      | 3       | 0,5             | 10     |



- All CAD Data is fully parametric designed
- The CAD Modell must react robust against parametric automatic changes
- The model includes 38 control parameters
- The assembly consists of 60 Parts



Hood



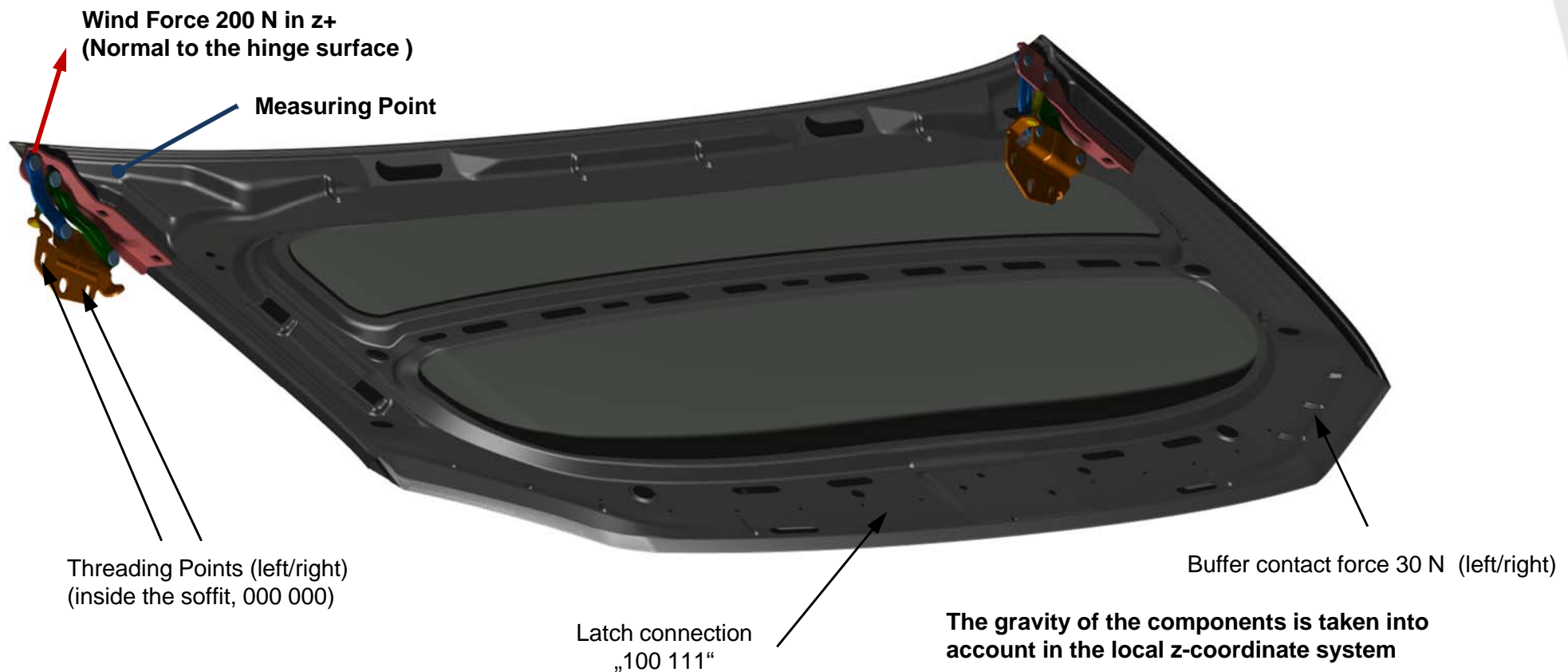
Parametric Hinge

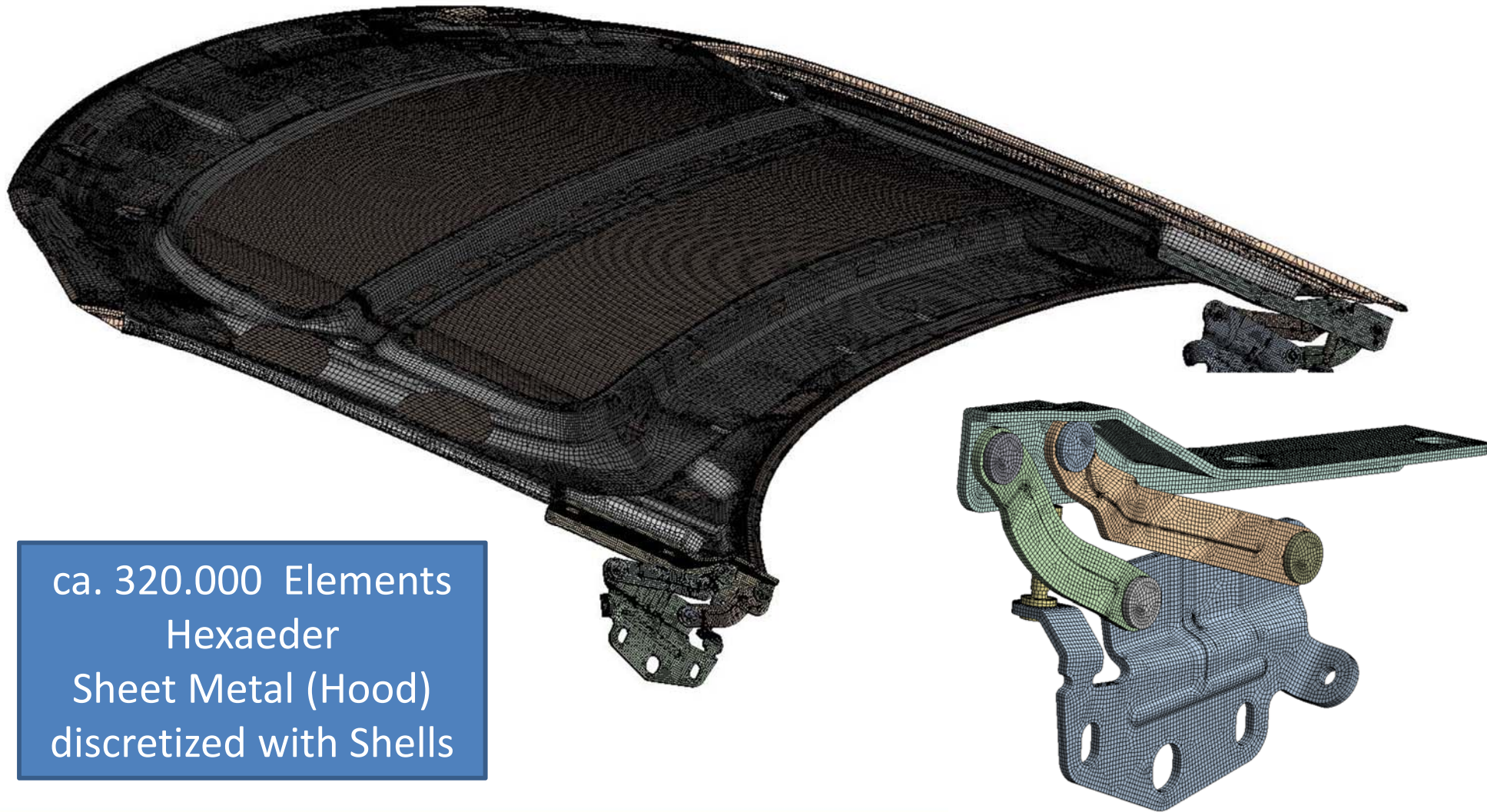
# Build up a Simulation Model for the calculation of the hinge wind stiffness



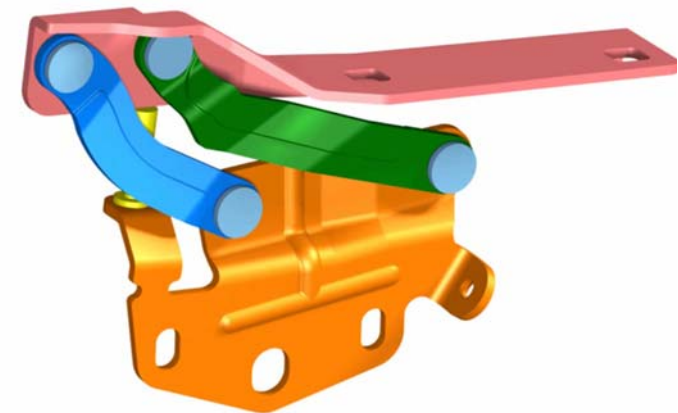
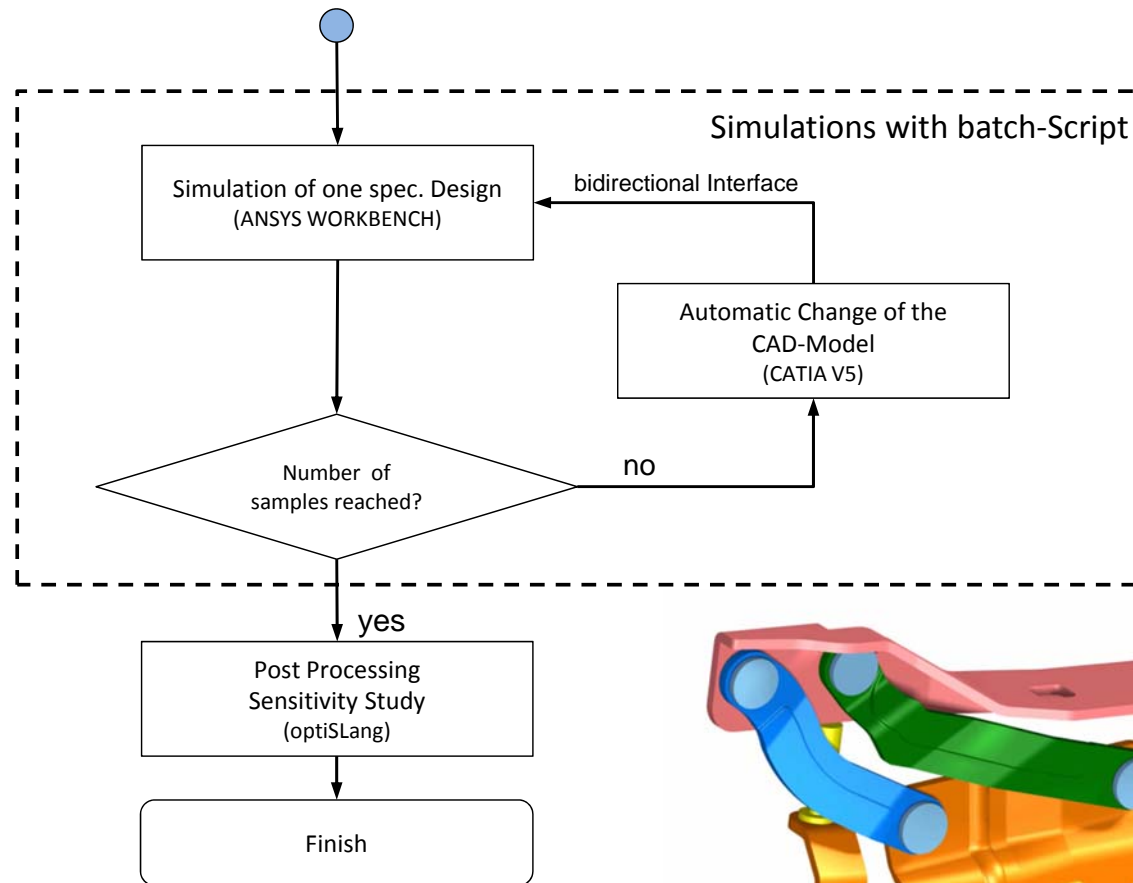
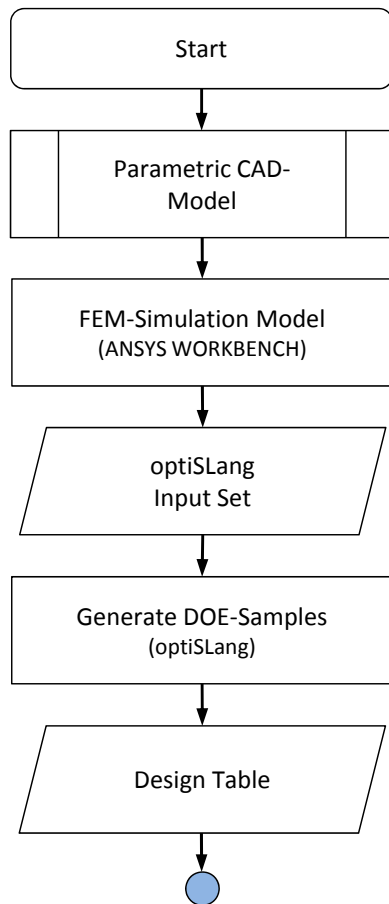
## Boundary Conditions and Load:

- The bushings in the connecting rods are discretized with a single solid.
- Between the bushes and the other components is one involving friction contact condition.
- The buffers are mapped using a spring-replacement model.

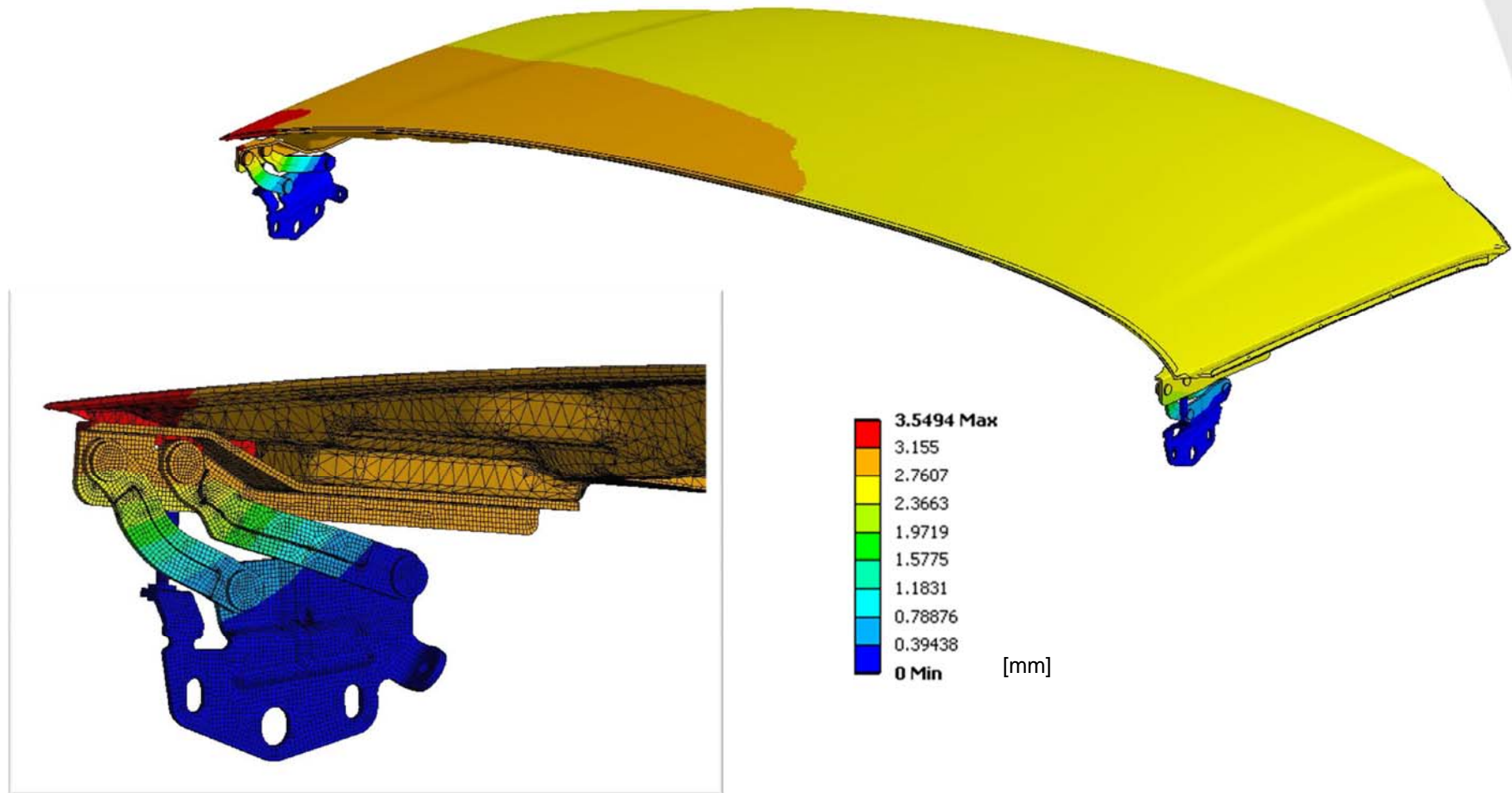




ca. 320.000 Elements  
Hexaeder  
Sheet Metal (Hood)  
discretized with Shells



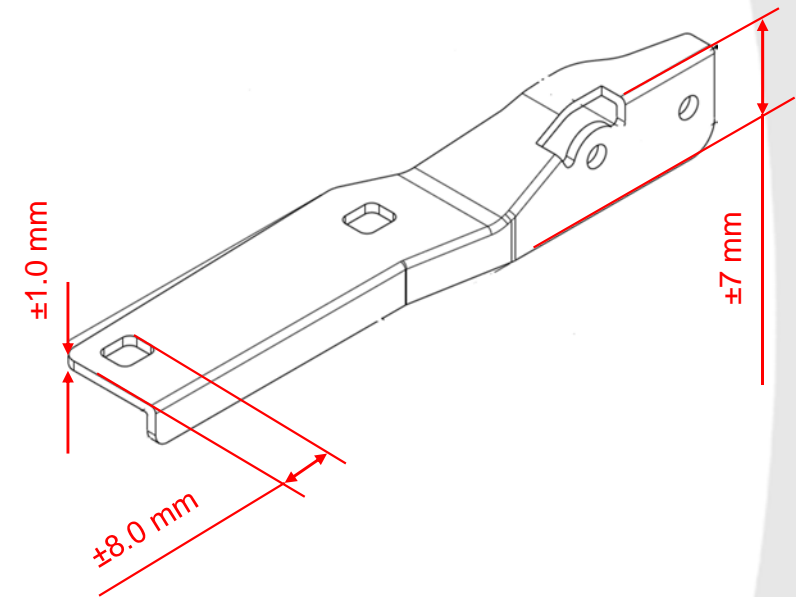
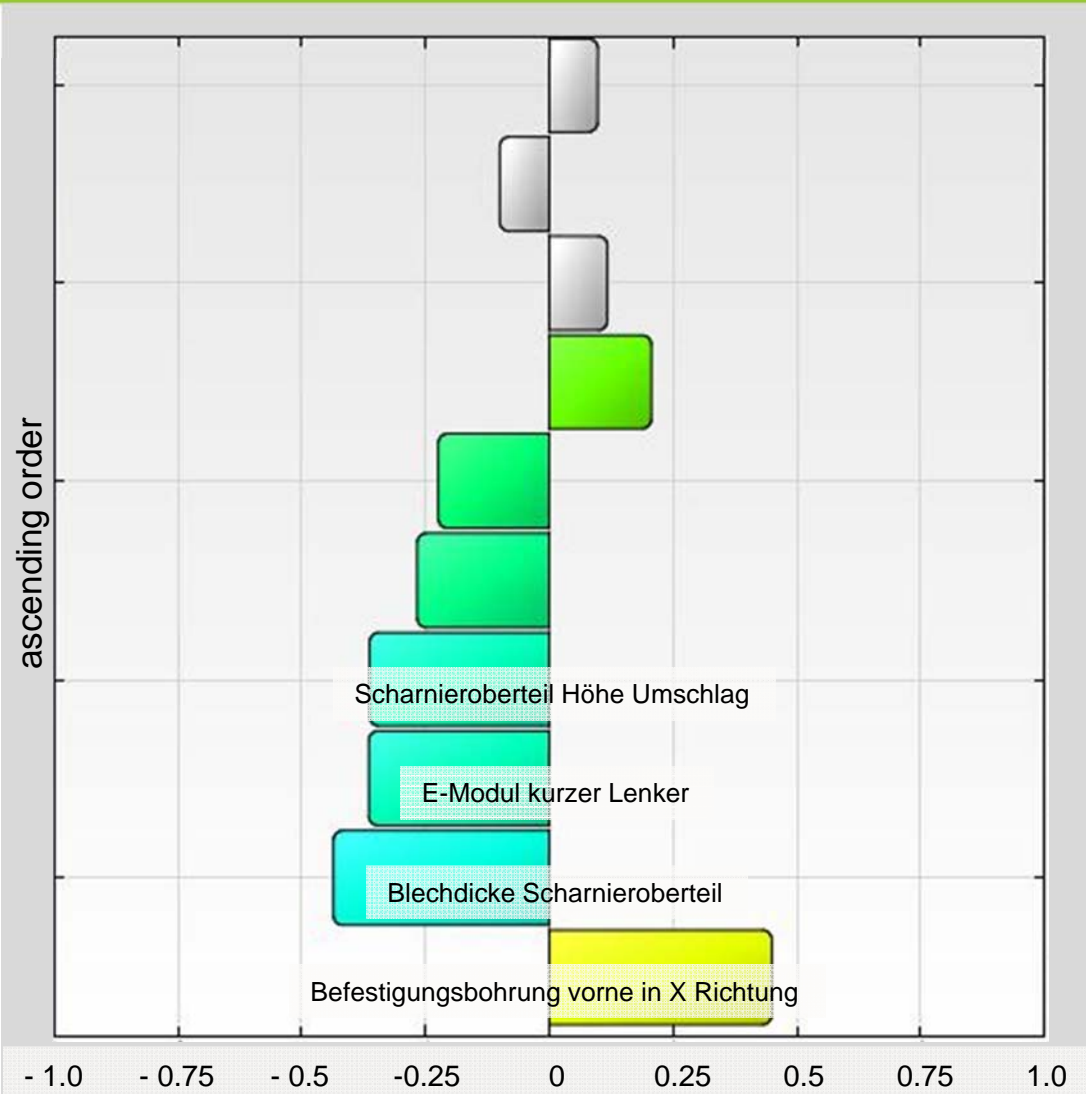
# Results: Deformation under 200N wind load





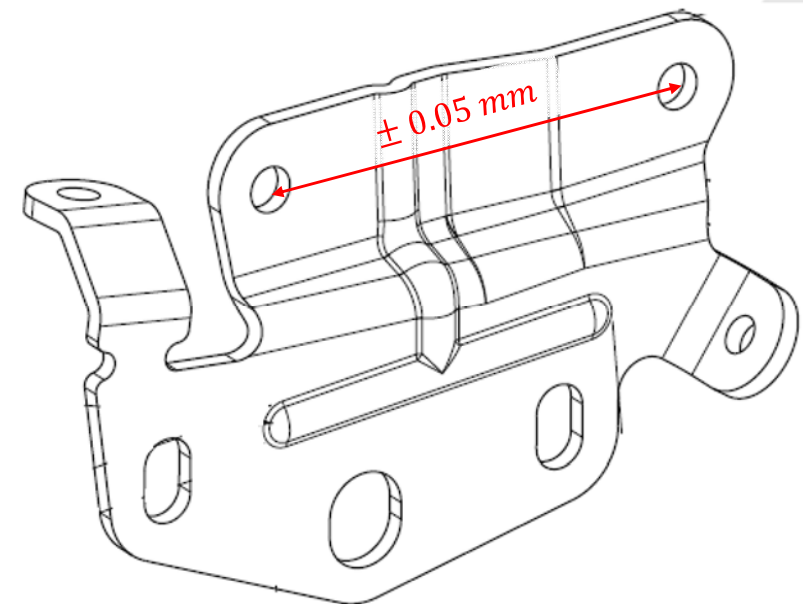
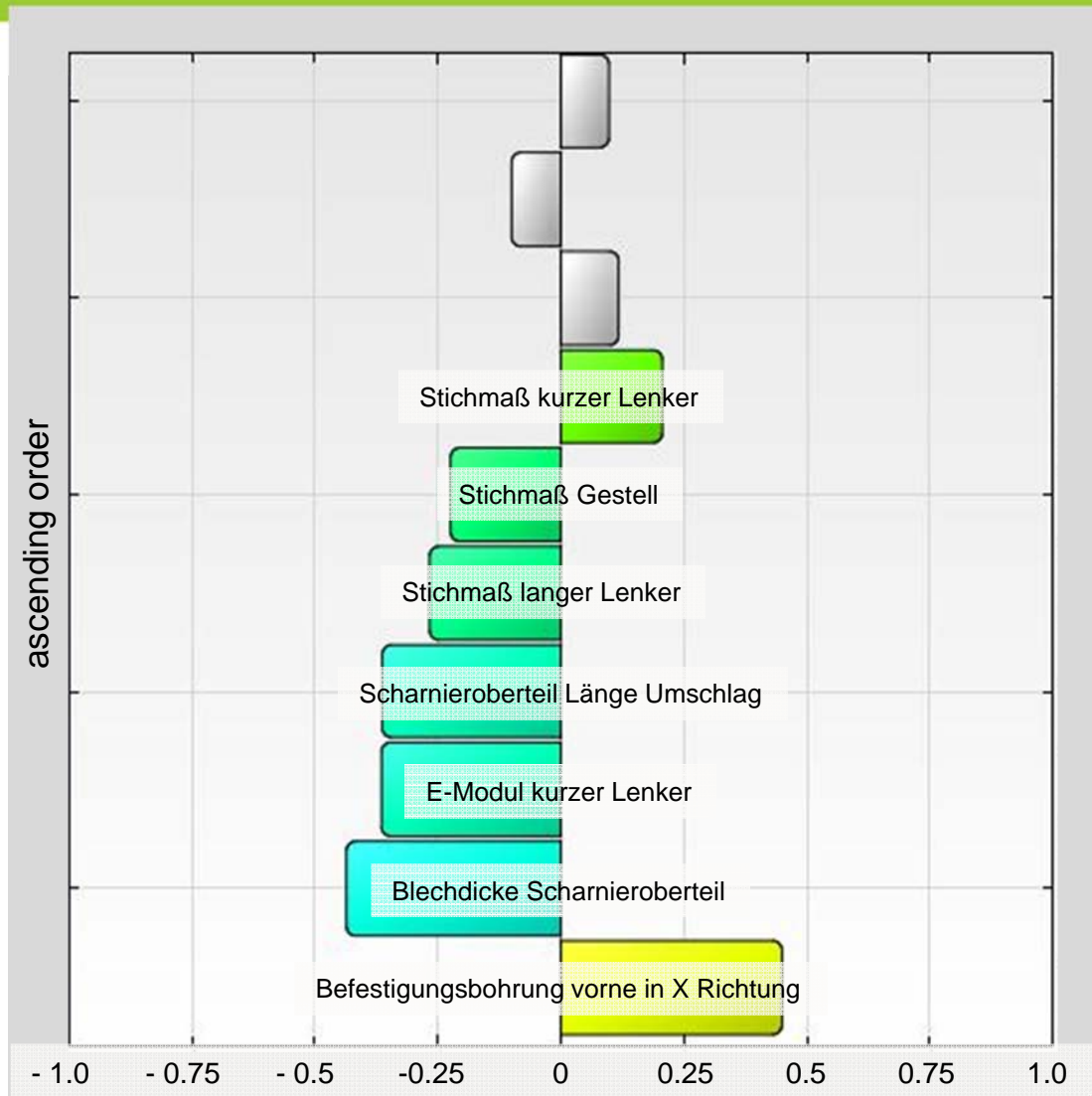
# Tolerance analysis of a four bar hinge

## PostProcessing with optiSLang – Correlation coefficient



# Tolerance analysis of a four bar hinge

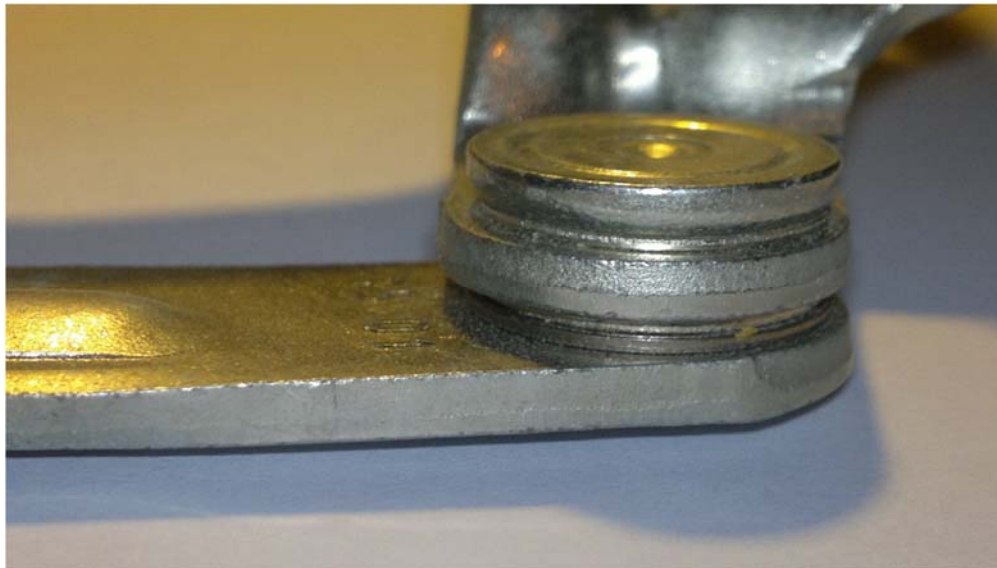
## PostProcessing with optiSLang – Correlation coefficient



# Conclusion and Outlook „Hinge Design“



1. Methods Sensitivity Study is a suitable base for the optimization of sheet metal mechanism like automotive hinge systems.
2. The mechanism become more and more complex like hinge systems for pedestrian safety!



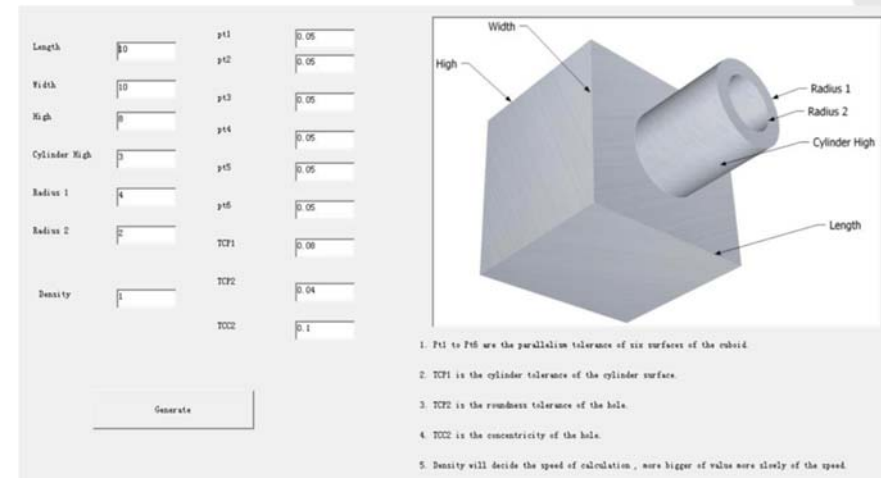
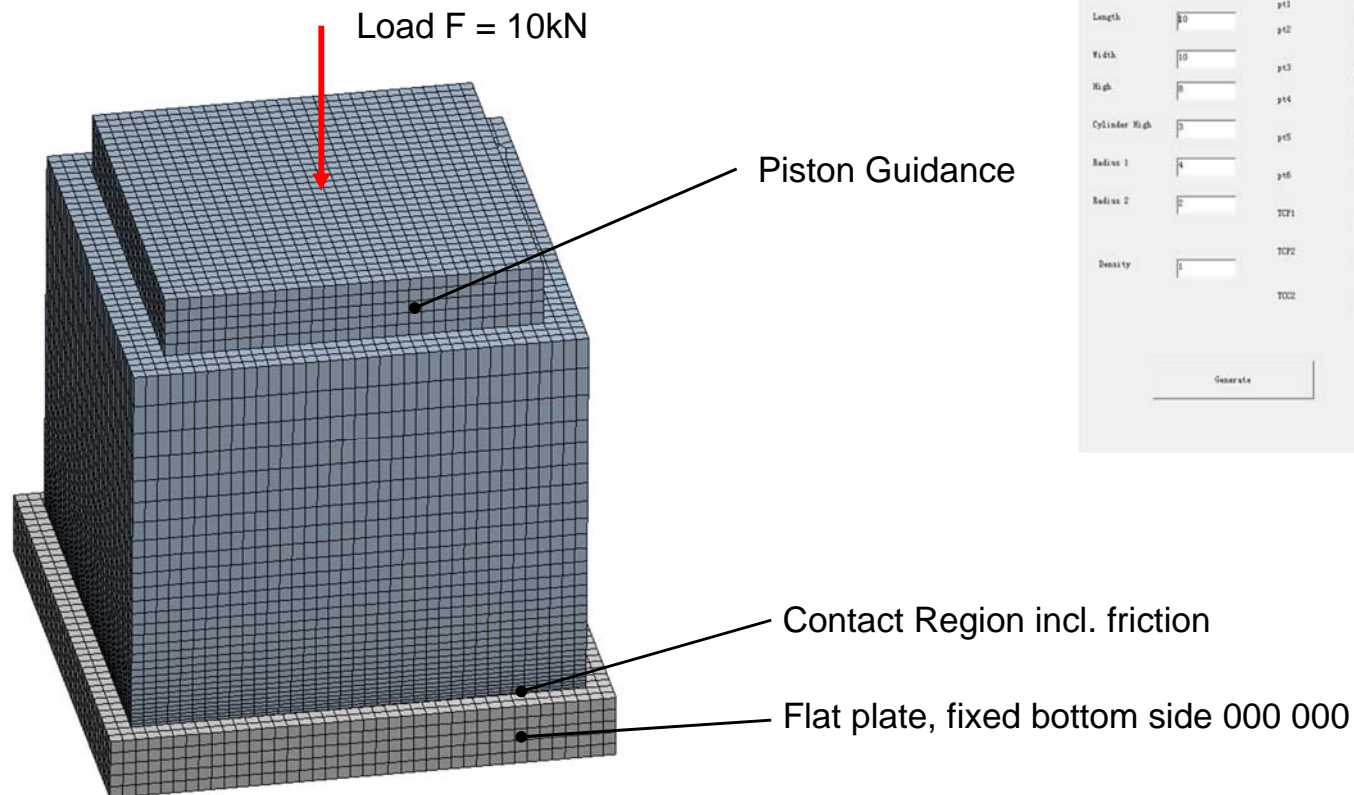
3. We still have unsolved problems!
  - Lifetime safety (durability)
  - Uncontrolled opening torques at  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Idea: Influence of the Surface Shape Tolerance**

# Randomly Deformed Bodies



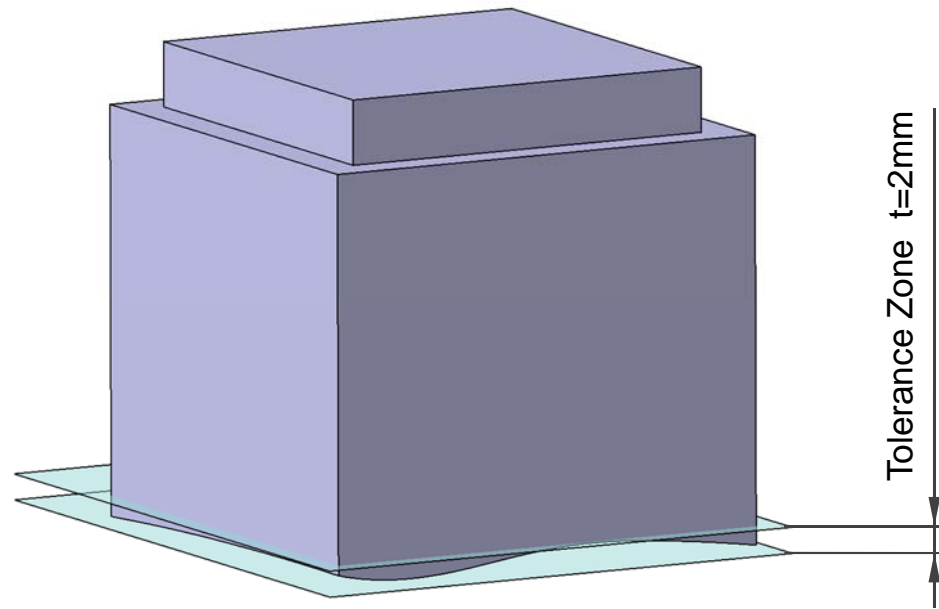
For the reference case is shown below FE analysis is performed to evaluate the influence of the shape and dimensional tolerances of parts on the stress distribution under load



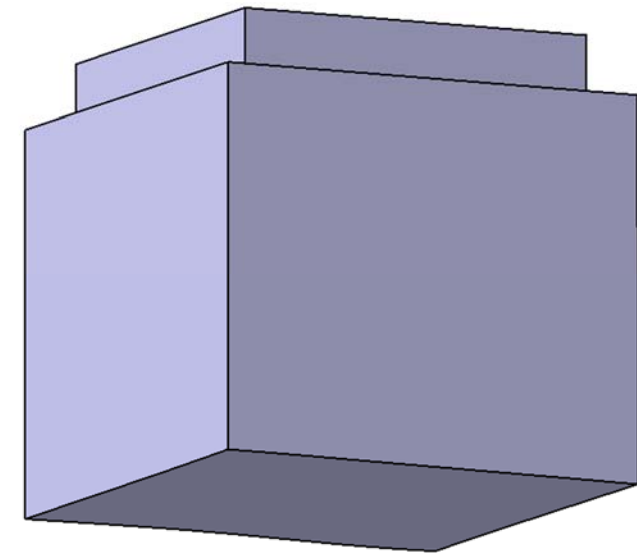
LK Catia Module



## Contact surface with randomly deformed shape (inside the given tolerance!)



Surface Profile Tolerance (SPT) = 2mm

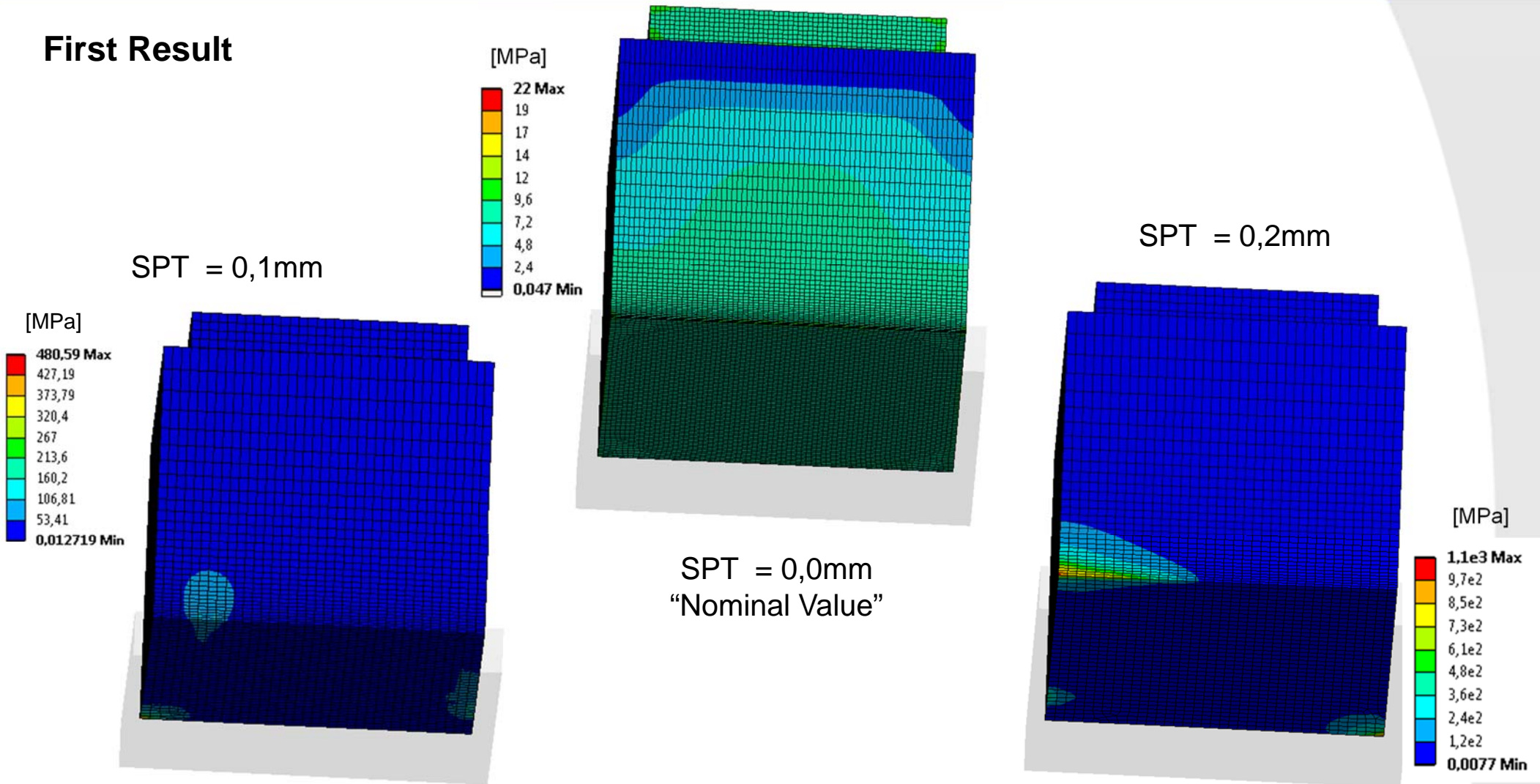


SPT = 0,2mm

# Randomly deformed bodies



## First Result





- The results of the sensitivity study are very useful for the optimization of the hinge in relation to the wind stiffness
- The influence of surface shape tolerance is significant and will be further examined at the chair of engineering design
  - Calculation of the opening torque, hinge at  $f(T=-40^{\circ}\text{C})$
  - Influence on fatigue calculation
  - Influence on slide bearings
  - Shrink and Press Fits

